=> d his; d tot ibib abs

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:34:04 ON 18 MAR 2005)
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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:36:15 ON 18 MAR 2005
              0 S PHOSPHOLIPASW/IA
L1
          20286 S (ESTERFI? OR TRANSESTERI?)/IA
L2
L3
          56491 S ACYLATION/IA
              0 S "SN-1 AND SN-2"/IA
L4
             42 S MICROAQUEOUS?/IA
L5
            581 S "1,2-DIACYL"/IA
L6
           2265 S GLYCEROPHOSPHOLIPID#/IA
L7
          42490 S PHOSPHOLIPASE?/IA
rs
        2558057 S PREPN/IA
L9
             33 S L9(4W)L7
L10
              1 S L6 AND L10
L11
              2 S L2 AND L6 AND L8
L12
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L12 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2002:869099 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:351616

Process for the production of phospholipids TITLE: Basheer, Sobhi; Zuabi, Rassan; Shulman, Avidor; INVENTOR(S):

Mar-Chaim, Neta

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Enzymotec Ltd., Israel PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	WO 2002-IL344	20020502
AM, AT, AU, AZ, CZ, DE, DK, DM, ID, IL, IN, IS, LV, MA, MD, MG, RU, SD, SE, SG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA,	DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, G JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, I MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, I SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, I ZM, ZW	GB, GD, GE, GH, KZ, LC, LK, LR, NO, NZ, OM, PH, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
RU, TJ, TM, AT, LU, MC, NL, PT, ML, MR, NE, SN,	BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, I SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, C TD, TG	ES, FI, FR, GB, CG, CI, CM, GA,
DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, 1	
	US 2003-700320	20031103
CASREACT 137.351	WO 2002-IL344	A 20010503 W 20020502
	A2 20021114 A3 20040219 AM, AT, AU, AZ, CZ, DE, DK, DM, ID, IL, IN, IS, LV, MA, MD, MG, RU, SD, SE, SG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, LS, MW, MZ, SD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, LU, MC, NL, PT, ML, MR, NE, SN, A2 20040428 DE, DK, ES, FR, LV, FI, RO, MK, T2 20041028 A1 20040902	AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  A2 20040428 EP 2002-728001  DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  T2 20041028 JP 2002-587619  A1 20040902 US 2003-700320  IL 2001-142952

AB The present invention provides a new enzymic process for prepg. 1,2-diacylated phospholipids comprising the use of an enzyme prepn. possessing phospholipase activity towards acylation at the sn-1 and sn-2 sites in a microaq. reaction system. More particularly, the 1,2-diacyl-phospholipids produced according to the esterification/transesterification process of the present invention are obtainable in high yield and purity and carry identical 7.2

desired carboxylic acid, preferably fatty acid, acyl groups at the sn-l and sn-2 positions. The process involves esterification/ transesterification (acylation) of a glycerophospholipid, preferably glycerophosphoryl choline (GPC) with a desired carboxylic acid, preferably fatty acid, or their derivs. in the presence of the above mentioned appropriate enzyme prepn. The process of the invention further relates to a process for the prodn. of 1-acyl-2-lyso-glycerophospholipid, preferably 2-lyso-PC by reacting glycerophospholipid, preferably glycerophosphoryl choline (GPC) with a desired carboxylic acid, preferably fatty acid, or their derivs. in the presence of a sn-1 specific phospholipase (PLA1 or PLA1,2) and a solvent, in a microaq. medium.

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

1979:147651 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

90:147651 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

The preparation of phospholipids by TITLE:

phospholipase D

Kovatchev, Stephan; Eibl, Hansjoerg AUTHOR(S):

Max-Planck-Inst. Biophys. Chem., Goettingen-CORPORATE SOURCE:

Nikolausberg, Fed. Rep. Ger.

Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology (1978), SOURCE:

101 (Enzymes Lipid Metab.), 221-6 CODEN: AEMBAP; ISSN: 0065-2598

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

The transfer of the phosphatidyl residue from egg phosphatidylcholine to primary alkanols catalyzed by phospholipase D was systematically investigated. The chain length of the alkanols was of crit. importance, e.g. transphosphatidylation did not occur to alkanols or alkandiols with >6 C atoms. Double or triple bonds in the acceptor mol. did not influence the transfer reaction. F was tolerated in the acceptor mol., but the transfer rate decreased with increasing at. wt. from Cl to I. Synthetic phosphatidylcholines with large variations in the apolar part of the mol., the phosphorylcholines of 1.2-diacyl -sn-glycerol, acyl-propandiol-(1.3) and 1.2-cyclopentadecylmethylideneglyc erol, were successfully used in the transfer reaction. Transesterification is an attractive route for the synthesis of

phospholipids differing in the polar part of the mol.